Long Term Plan for PSED Nursery

| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 | | | | | |
|------------|--|---------------------------------|---|---|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Key | | • | area for learning in EYFS. It is en | • | • • | | | | | | |
| Learning | | development of making | g relationships, self-confidence, | self-awareness and managing | g feelings and behaviour. | | | | | | |
| | | | h the Characteristics of Effectiv | | . • | | | | | | |
| | | | cally to support pupils to engag | | | | | | | | |
| | | • | and 'in the moment' circle time | | | | | | | | |
| | | e sessions also teach pupils at | oout our school values: Friendsh | nip, Trust, Justice, Hope, Endu | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | eness. | | | | | |
| EYFS | Making relationships | | Making relationships | | Making relationships | | | | | | |
| Statements | Interested in others' pla | | | ending and elaborating play | | ponding to what others are | | | | | |
| | Seeks out others to share | e experiences. | ideas, e.g. building up a children. | role-play activity with other | saying or doing. | | | | | | |
| | | ncern for people who are | | Demonstrates friendly b | | | | | | | |
| | special to them. • Initiates play, offering cues to peers to join them. conversations and forming goo | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | idship with another child. | Self-confidence and self-awa | | peers and familiar adult | | | | | | |
| | Self-confidence and self-aw | | Can select and use activ | ities and resources with | Self-confidence and self-awareness | | | | | | |
| | Separates from main cal | • • | help. | | Is more outgoing towards unfamiliar people and more confident in new social situations. | | | | | | |
| | encouragement from a | | Welcomes and values pr | aise for what they have | | | | | | | |
| | Expresses own preferen | | done. | | Confident to talk to other children when playing, | | | | | | |
| | Managing feelings and beha | | Enjoys responsibility of or a second se | | | reely about own home and | | | | | |
| | = | eelings such as sad, happy, | Managing feelings and beha | | community. | | | | | | |
| | cross, scared, worried. | | Aware of own feelings, a | | Shows confidence in asking adults for help | | | | | | |
| | Responds to the feelings | | actions and words can h | _ | Managing feelings and beha | | | | | | |
| | | s can hurt or harm others. | | eds of others and can take | Can usually tolerate del | • | | | | | |
| | Tries to help or give con distressed. | nfort when others are | from others. | es, sometimes with support | always be met. | inderstands wishes may not | | | | | |
| | | nd cooperates with some | | | • | viour to different events, | | | | | |
| | boundaries and routines | - | | | social situations and cha | | | | | | |
| | Can inhibit own actions, | /behaviours, e.g. stop | | | | | | | | | |
| | themselves from doing s | something they shouldn't | | | | | | | | | |
| | do. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Growing ability to distra | ct self when upset, e.g. by | | | | | | | | | |
| | engaging in a new play a | activity. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Long Term Plan for PSED Reception

| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 | | |
|------------|---|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Key | | PSED is a prime ar | rea for learning in EYFS. It is em | nbedded within daily interaction | ons to support the | | | |
| Learning | | development of making | relationships, self-confidence, | self-awareness and managing | g feelings and behaviour. | | | |
| | | | the Characteristics of Effective | | | | | |
| | | | ally to support pupils to engage | | | | | |
| | | · | and 'in the moment' circle time | | • | | | |
| | | sessions also teach pupils abo | out our school values: Friendsh | nip, Trust, Justice, Hope, Endur | | eness. | | |
| EYFS | Making relationships | | Making relationships | | Making relationships | | | |
| Statements | | onding to what others are | Initiates conversations, a | | Children play co-operati | vely, taking turns with | | |
| | saying or doing. | | account of what others | • | others. | | | |
| | Demonstrates friendly b | | | and understanding, and | , | e another's ideas about how | | |
| | | ng good relationships with | asks appropriate questic | | to organise their activity | | | |
| | peers and familiar adult | | | onflicts with other children, | | others' needs and feelings, | | |
| | Self-confidence and self-aw | | e.g. finding a compromis | | and form positive relation | onships with adults and | | |
| | Is more outgoing toward | | Self-confidence and self-awa | | other children. | | | |
| | more confident in new s | | Confident to speak to ot | | Self-confidence and self-awareness | | | |
| | | er children when playing, | wants, interests and opi | | Children are confident to try new activities, and say | | | |
| | | eely about own home and | - | tive terms and talk about | why they like some activ | | | |
| | community. | | abilities. | | They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will | | | |
| | Shows confidence in ask | | Managing feelings and beha | | - | nd will choose the resources | | |
| | Managing feelings and beha | | | ctions affect other people, | they need for their chos | | | |
| | Can usually tolerate dela | - | for example, becomes u | • | They say when they do o | • | | |
| | • | nderstands wishes may not | another child when they | realise they have upset | Managing feelings and beha | | | |
| | always be met. | | them. | | Children talk about how | • | | |
| | Can usually adapt behaves social situations and characteristics | | Aware of the boundaries expectations in the setti | - | and its consequences, a | r own and others' behaviour, nd know that some | | |
| | | | Beginning to be able to it | negotiate and solve | behaviour is unacceptak | ole. | | |
| | | | problems without aggre | ssion, e.g. when someone | They work as part of a g | roup or class, and | | |
| | | | has taken their toy | | understand and follow t | he rules. | | |
| | | | | | They adjust their behavi | our to different situations, | | |
| | | | | | and take changes of rou | tine in their stride. | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Long Term Plan for PSHE Year 1 and Year 2

| | | | 2021-2022 | | | |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| Key Questions | What makes a good friend? | How can we make sure everyone is treated equally? | What helps us stay healthy? | What can we do with money? | Who helps us keep safe? | How do we recognise our feelings? |
| Christian Values | Friendship | Justice | Норе | Trust | Forgiveness | Compassion |
| Core Theme | Relationships | Relationships | Health and wellbeing | Living in the wider world | Living in the wider world | Health and wellbeing |
| Key Learning | Friendship; feeling lonely; managing arguments | Behaviour; bullying; words and actions; respect for others | Being healthy; hygiene; medicines; people who help us with health | Money; making choices; needs and wants | Keeping safe; people who help us | Feelings; mood; times of change; loss and bereavement; growing up |
| PSHE Programme of Study objectives | Pupils should develop an awareness about how to make friends with others. They are taught how to recognise when they feel lonely and what they could do about it. They should understand how people behave when they are being friendly and what makes a good friend. They should know | Pupils should develop an awareness how words and actions can affect how people feel. They are taught how to ask for and give/not give permission regarding physical contact and how to respond if physical contact makes them uncomfortable or unsafe. They should | Pupils should be aware what being healthy means and who helps help them to stay healthy (e.g. parent, dentist, doctor). They are taught that things people put into or onto their bodies can affect how they feel. They should understand how medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations) can help people stay | Pupils should know what money is - that money comes in different forms. They should understand how money is obtained (e.g. earned, won, borrowed, presents). They are taught how people make choices about what to do with money, including spending and saving. They should develop awareness about the | Pupils should have awareness that people have different roles in the community to help them (and others) keep safe - the jobs they do and how they help people. They should know who can help them in different places and situations; how to attract someone's attention or ask for help; what to say. They should | Pupils should understand how to recognise, name and describe a range of feelings They should develop awareness of what helps them to feel good, or better if not feeling good Pupils are taught how different things / times / experiences can bring about different feelings for different people (including loss, change and |

| Relationships Education | how to resolve arguments that can occur in friendships. Pupils are taught how to ask for help if a friendship is making them unhappy. Caring relationships 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 | understand why name-calling, hurtful teasing, bulling and deliberately excluding others is unacceptable. They should know how to respond if this happens in different situations. They are taught how to report bullying or other hurtful behaviour, including online, to a trusted adult and the importance of doing so. Respectful relationships 6, 8 Online relationships 2 | healthy and that some people need to take medicines every day to stay healthy. They should know why hygiene is important and how simple hygiene routines can stop germs from being passed on. Pupils are taught about what they can do to take care of themselves on a daily basis, e.g. brushing teeth and hair, hand washing. | difference between needs and wants - that people may not always be able to have the things they want. Pupils should understand how to keep money safe and the different ways of doing this. | understand how to respond safely to adults they don't know. They should know what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; and the importance of keeping on asking for support until they are heard. Pupils are taught how to get help if there is an accident and someone is hurt, including how to dial 999 in an emergency and what to say. | bereavement or moving on to a new class/year group). They should understand how feelings can affect people in their bodies and their behaviour. Pupils are taught ways to manage big feelings and the importance of sharing their feelings with someone they trust. They should develop awareness about how to recognise when they might need help with feelings and how to ask for help when they need it. |
|----------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Health Education | Mental wellbeing 7 | Mental wellbeing 8 Internet safety and harms 3, 5 and 7 | Mental wellbeing 1 Drugs, alcohol and tobacco 1 Health and prevention 4, 5 and 6 | | Basic first aid 1 | • Mental wellbeing 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 9 |

Long Term Plan for PSHE Year 1 and Year 2

| | 2022-2023 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 | | | | |
| Key Questions | What is the same and different about us? | Who is special to us? | What jobs do people do? | What helps us stay safe? | What helps us grow and stay healthy? | How can we look after each other and the world? | | | | |
| Christian Value | Friendship | Compassion | Норе | Trust | Endurance | Forgiveness | | | | |
| Core Theme | Relationships | Relationships | Living in the wider world | Health and wellbeing | Health and wellbring | Living in the wider world | | | | |
| Key Learning | Ourselves and others; similarities and differences; individuality; our bodies | Ourselves and others; people who care for us; groups we belong to; families | People and jobs; money; role of the internet | Keeping safe; recognising risk; rules | Being healthy: eating, drinking, playing and sleeping | Ourselves and others; the world around us; caring for others; growing and changing | | | | |
| PSHE Programme of Study objectives | Pupils shoud develop an awareness of what they like/dislike and are good at. Pupils should recognise what makes them special and how everyone has different strengths. They should understand how their personal features or qualities are unique to them. They should understand how they are similar or | Pupils should be aware that family is one of the groups they belong to, as well as, for example, school, friends, clubs. They should know the different people in their family/those that love and care for them. They should understand what their family members, or people that are special to them, do to make them feel loved | Pupils should have awareness how jobs help people earn money to pay for things they need and want. They are taught about a range of different jobs, including those done by people they know or people who work in their community. They should understand how people have | Pupils should have awareness how rules and restrictions help them to keep safe (e.g. basic road, fire, cycle, water safety; in relation to medicines/ household products and online). They are taught how to identify risky and potentially unsafe situations (in familiar and unfamiliar environments, including online) and steps to take to avoid | Pupils should develop an awareness that different things help their bodies to be healthy, including food and drink, physical activity, sleep and rest. They should understand that eating and drinking too much sugar can affect their health, including dental health. They should know how to be physically | Pupils should develop an awareness of growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change. They are taught how to prepare to move to a new class/year group. They should understand what is kind and unkind behaviour, how this can affect others and how to treat themselves and | | | | |

| | different to others, and what they have in common. Pupils are taught the correct names for the main parts of the body, including external genitalia; and that parts of bodies covered with underwear are private. | and cared for. Pupils are taught that families are all different but share common features – what is the same and different about them. They should have awareness about different features of family life, including what families do/enjoy together. Pupils are taught that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them feel unhappy or worried. | different strengths and interests that enable them to do different jobs. • Pupils should know how people use the internet and digital devices in their jobs and everyday life. | or remove themselves from them. Pupils should know how to resist pressure to do something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable, including keeping secrets. They should understand how not everything they see online is true or trustworthy and that people can pretend to be someone they are not. Pupils should know to tell a trusted adult if they are worried for themselves or others, worried that something is unsafe or if they come across something that scares or concerns them. | active and how much rest and sleep they should have everyday. Pupils are taught that there are different ways to learn and play; how to know when to take a break from screen-time. They know how sunshine helps bodies to grow and how to keep safe and well in the sun. | others with respect. They are taught to recognise ways in which they are the same and different to others, how to listen to others and work cooperatively with others and how to share there opinion on things that matter to them. They should know how people and other living things have different needs and the responsibilies of caring for them. They should know about things they can do to help look after their environmemt. |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| Realtionships Education | Respectful relationships 3Being Safe 2 | Families and people who care for me 1, 2, 3 and 6 | Respectful relationships 1 | Online relationships 1, 2 and 3 Being safe 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 | | Respectful relationships 1, 2, 3 and 5 |
| Health Education | | | Internet safety ad harms 1 | Internet safety and harms 2 Health and prevention 6 | Mental wellbeing 1 Drugs, alcohol and tabacco 1 Health and prevention 4, 5 and 6 | |

Long Term Plan for PSHE Year 3 and Year 4

| | | | 2021-2022 | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| Key Questions | Why should we eat well and look after our teeth? | What keeps us safe? | What are families like? | How can our choices make a difference to others and the environment? | Why should we keep active and sleep well? | How will we grow and change? |
| Core Theme | Health and wellbeing | Living in the wider world | Relationships | Living in the wider world | Health and wellbeing | Health and wellbeing |
| Key Learning | Being healthy: eating well, dental care | Keeping safe; at home and school; our bodies; hygiene; medicines and household products | Families; family life; caring for each other | Caring for others; the environment; people and animals; shared responsibilities, making choices and decisions | Health and wellbeing Being healthy: keeping active, taking rest | Growing and changing; Puberty |
| PSHE Programme of Study objectives | Peoples should continue to develop awareness about how to eat a healthy diet and the benefits of nutritionally rich foods. They should know how to maintain good oral hygiene (including regular brushing and flossing) and the importance of regular visits to the dentist. | Pupils should continue to develop awareness of hazards that may cause harm or injury and what they should do to reduce risk and keep themselves (or others) safe. They should know how to help keep their body protected and safe, e.g. wearing a seatbelt, protective clothing and stabilizers. | Pupils should continue to develop awareness about how families differ from each other (including that not every family has the same family structure, e.g. single parents, same sex parents, stepparents, blended families, foster and adoptive parents). They are taught how common features of positive family life | Pupils are taught that people have a shared responsibility to help protect the world around them. They should continue to develop awareness how everyday choices can affect the environment. They should understand how what people choose to buy or spend money on can affect | Pupils continue to develop awareness about how regular physical activity benefits bodies and feelings. They should understand how to be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time online with other activities. They should know how to make choices about physical activity, including | Pupils are taught about puberty and how bodies change during puberty, including menstruation and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams. They should no how puberty can affect emotions and feelings. They should understand how personal hygiene |

- They should understand how not eating a balanced diet can affect health, including the impact of too much sugar/acidic drinks on dental health.
- They should know how people make choices about what to eat and drink, including who or what influences these.
- Pupils are taught how, when and where to ask for advice and help about healthy eating and dental care.

- They should understand that their body belongs to them and should not be hurt or touched without their permission; what to do and who to tell if they feel uncomfortable.
- how to recognise and respond to pressure to do something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable (including online).
- Pupils should understand how everyday health and hygiene rules and routines help people stay safe and healthy (including how to manage the use of medicines, such as for allergies and asthma, and other household products, responsibly).
- Pupils are taught how to react and respond if there is an accident and how to deal with minor injuries e.g. scratches, grazes, burns.
- Pupils are taught what to do in an emergency, including

- often include shared experiences, e.g. celebrations, special days or holidays.
- They should know people within families should care for each other and the different ways they demonstrate this.
- They should understand how to ask for help or advice if family relationships are making them feel unhappy, worried or unsafe.

- others or the environment (e.g. Fairtrade, single use plastics, giving to charity).
- They should recognise the skills and vocabulary to share their thoughts, ideas and opinions in discussion about topical issues.
- how to show care and concern for others (people and animals).
- They should understand how to carry out personal responsibilities in a caring and compassionate way.

- what and who influences decisions.
- They should understand how the lack of physical activity can affect health and wellbeing.
- They are taught how lack of sleep can affect the body and mood and simple routines that support good quality sleep.
- Pupils should know how to seek support in relation to physical activity, sleep and rest and who to talk to if they are worried.

- .routines change during puberty.
- Pupils are taught how to ask for advice and support about growing and changing and puberty.

| | | calling for help and speaking to the emergency services. | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|----------------------------------|
| Relationships Education | Being safe 6 and 8 | Respectful relationships 7 and 8 Being safe 3 and 5 | Families and people who care for me 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 Respectful relationships 1 | Respectful Relationships 8 | |
| Health Education | Healthy eating 1, 2 and 3 Health and prevention 4 | Health and prevention 5 Basic first aid 1 and 2 | | Physical health and fitness 1, 2, 3 and 4 Health and prevention 3 | Changing adolescent body 1 and 2 |

Long Term Plan for PSHE Year 3 and Year 4

| | 2022-2023 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 | | | | | |
| Key Questions | How can we be a good friend? | How do we treat each other with respect? | What makes a community? | How can we manage our feelings? | What strengths, skills and interests do we have? | How can we manage risk in different places? | | | | | |
| Christian Values | Friendship | Compassion | Justice | Норе | Endurance | Trust | | | | | |
| Core Theme | Relationships | Relationships | Living in a wider world | Health and wellbeing | Health and wellbeing | Living in the wider world | | | | | |
| Key Learning | Friendship; making positive friendships, managing loneliness, dealing with arguments | Respect for self and others; courteous behaviour; safety; human rights | Community; belonging to groups; similarities and differences; respect for others | Feelings and emotions; expression of feelings; behaviour | Self-esteem: self-worth; personal qualities; goal setting; managing set backs | Keeping safe; out and about; recognising and managing risk | | | | | |
| PSHE Programme of Study objectives | Pupils should continue to develop awareness about how friendships support wellbeing and the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded. They should know how to recognise if others are feeling lonely and excluded and strategies to include them. | Pupils should continue to develop awareness about how people's behaviour affects themselves and others, including online. They should know how to model being polite and courteous in different situations and recognise the respectful behaviour they should receive in return. Pupils are taught | Pupils should continue to develop awareness about how they belong to different groups and communities, e.g. friendship, faith, clubs, classes/year groups. They are taught what is meant by a diverse community; how different groups make up the wider/local | Pupils should understand how everyday things can affect feelings. They should continue to develop awareness about how feelings change over time and can be experienced at different levels of intensity. Pupils are taught about the importance of | Pupils will continue to recognise personal qualities and individuality to develop self-worth by identifying positive things about themselves and their achievements. They will develop further awareness about how their personal attributes, strengths, skills and interests contribute to their self-esteem. | Pupils will continue to develop an awareness about how to recognise, predict, assess and manage risk in different situations. They are taught how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun safety and the safe use of digital | | | | | |

- They should understand how to build good friendships, including identifying qualities that contribute to positive friendships
- They are taught that friendships sometimes have difficulties, and how to manage when there is a problem or an argument between friends, resolve disputes and reconcile differences
- Pupils should know how to recognise if a friendship is making them unhappy, feel uncomfortable or unsafe and how to ask for support

- about the relationship between rights and responsibilities.
- They should understand about the right to privacy and how to recognise when a confidence or secret should be kept (such as a nice birthday surprise everyone will find out about) or not agreed to and when to tell (e.g. if someone is being upset or hurt).
- Pupils are taught about the rights that children have and why it is important to protect these.
- They should understand that everyone should feel included, respected and not discriminated against; how to respond if they witness or experience exclusion, disrespect or discrimination.
- Pupils should have awareness about how to respond to aggressive or inappropriate behaviour (including online and unwanted physical contact) – how to report concerns.

- community around the school.
- They should understand how the community helps everyone to feel included and values the different contributions that people make.
- Pupils should know how to be respectful towards people who may live differently to them.

- expressing feelings and how they can be expressed in different ways.
- how to respond proportionately to, and manage, feelings in different circumstances.
- They will know ways of managing feelings at times of loss, grief and change.
- Pupils will
 understand how to
 access advice and
 support to help
 manage their own or
 others' feelings.

- They will understand how to set goals for themselves.
- Pupils are taught how to manage when there are set-backs, learn from mistakes and reframe unhelpful thinking.
- devices when out and about).
- They will know how people can be influenced by their peers' behaviour and by a desire for peer approval; how to manage this influence.
- They will be taught how people's online actions can impact on other people.
- They will become aware about how to keep safe online, including managing requests for personal information and recognising what is appropriate to share or not share online.
- They will understand how to report concerns, including about inappropriate online content and contact.
- Pupils will be taught that rules, restrictions and laws exist to help people keep safe and how to respond if they become aware of a situation that is antisocial or against the law.

| Relationships Education | • Caring friendships 2, 3, 4 and 5 | Respectful relationships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 Online relationships 2 and 3 Being safe 1, 2 and 7 | Respectful relationships 1, 2, 3, 5 | • | Respectful relationships 4 | Online relationships 2, 3 and 4 |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| Health Education | Mental wellbeing 7 and 8 | Internet safety and harms 3 and 7 | | • Mental wellbeing 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 9 | | Internet safety and harms 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 |

Long Term Plan for PSHE Year 5 and Year 6

| | 2021-2022 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 | | | | |
| Key Questions | How can we keep healthy as we grow? | What decisions can people make with money? | How can we help in an accident or emergency? | | | What will change as we become independent? How do friendships change as we grow? | | | | |
| Christian Values | Норе | Endurance | Compassion | Trust | Justice | Forgiveness | | | | |
| Core Theme | Health and wellbeing | Living in the wider world | Health and wellbeing | Living in the wider world | Health and wellbeing | Relationships | | | | |
| Key Learning | Looking after ourselves; growing up; becoming independent; taking more responsibility | Money; making decisions; spending and saving | Basic first aid, accidents, dealing with emergencies | Media literacy and digital resilience; influences and decision-making; online safety | Drugs, alcohol and tobacco; healthy habits | Different relationships, changing and growing, adulthood, independence, moving to secondary school | | | | |
| PSHE Programme of Study objectives | Pupils should continue to develop awareness how positive friendships and being involved in activities such as clubs and community groups support wellbeing. Pupils will be taught how to recognise early signs of physical or mental illhealth and what to | Pupils will be taught how people make decisions about spending and saving money and what influences them. They should understand how to keep track of money so people know how much they have to spend or save. They should know how people make | Pupils will be taught how to carry out basic first aid including for burns, scalds, cuts, bleeds, choking, asthma attacks or allergic reactions. Pupils should understand that if someone has experienced a head injury, they should not be moved. | Pupils should become aware that not everything should be shared online or social media and that there are rules about this, including the distribution of images. They should know how text and images can be manipulated or invented; | Pupils should develop awareness on how drugs common to everyday life (including smoking/vaping - nicotine, alcohol, caffeine and medicines) can affect health and wellbeing. They are taught that some drugs are legal (but may have laws | Pupils will continue to develop awareness about how puberty relates to growing from childhood to adulthood. Pupils will be taught about the reproductive organs and process - how babies are conceived and born and how they need to be | | | | |

- do about this, including whom to speak to in and outside school.
- Pupils should understand that anyone can experience mental ill-health and to discuss concerns with a trusted adult.
- Pupils should know that mental health difficulties can usually be resolved or managed with the right strategies and support.
- choices about ways of paying for things they want and need (e.g. from current accounts/savings; store card/ credit cards; loans).
- Pupils should understand how to recognise what makes something 'value for money' and what this means to them.
- Pupils should know that there are risks associated with money (it can be won, lost or stolen) and how money can affect people's feelings and emotions.
- Pupils should have awareness when it is appropriate to use first aid and the importance of seeking adult help Pupils should understand the importance of remaining calm in an emergency and providing clear information about what has happened to an adult or the emergency services.
- strategies to recognise this.
- They should know how to evaluate how reliable different types of online content and media are, e.g. videos, blogs, news, reviews, adverts.
- Pupils are taught to recognise unsafe or suspicious content online and what to do about it.
- They should know how information is ranked, selected, targeted to meet the interests of individuals and groups, and can be used to influence them.
- Pupils should understand how to make decisions about the content they view online or in the media and know if it is appropriate for their age range.

- or restrictions related to them) and other drugs are illegal.
- They are taught about how laws surrounding the use of drugs exist to protect them and others.
- They should know why people choose to use or not use different drugs.
- They should understand how people can prevent or reduce the risks associated with them.
- They should understand that for some people, drug use can become a habit which is difficult to break.
- Pupils should know how organisations help people to stop smoking and the support available to help people if they have concerns about any drug use.
- Pupils should know how to ask for help from a trusted adult if they have any worries or concerns about drugs.

- cared for that there are ways to prevent a baby being made.
- They should understand how growing up and becoming more independent comes with increased opportunities and responsibilities
- They should know how friendships may change as they grow and how to manage this.
- Pupils will be taught how to manage change, including moving to secondary school; how to ask for support or where to seek further information and advice regarding growing up and changing.

| Relationships Education | Caring friendships 2 Respectful relationships 8 Being safe 1 | | • | Respectful relationships 8 Online relationships 3, 4 and 5 | • | Mental wellbeing 1 and 9 Drugs, alcohol and tobacco 1 | • | Families and people who care for me 5 Caring friendships 4 Respectful relationships 1 and 8 |
|----------------------------|--|-------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| Health Education | Mental wellbeing 1, 5, 6, 9, 10 Internet safety and harms 2 Physical health and fitness 1, 2, 3 and 4 Health and prevention 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Drugs, alcohol and tabacco 1 | Basic first aid 1 and 2 | • | Internet safety and harms 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 | | | • | Changing adolescent body 1 and 2 |

Long Term Plan for PSHE Year 5 and Year 6

| 2022-2023 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 | | | | |
| Key Questions | What makes up our identity? | How can friends communicate safely? | How can the media influence people? | How can we keep healthy as we grow? | What will change as we become independent? How do friendships change as we grow? | What job would I like in the future? | | | | |
| Christian Values | Compassion | Friendship | Justice | Trust | Endurance | Норе | | | | |
| Core Theme | Health and wellbring | Relationships | Living in the wider world | Health and wellbeing | Relationships | Living in the wider world | | | | |
| Key Learning | Identity; personal attributes and qualities; similarities and differences; individuality; stereotypes | Friendships; relationships; becoming independent; online safety | Media literacy and digital resilience; influences and decision-making; online safety | Looking after ourselves; growing up; becoming independent; taking more responsibility | Different relationships, changing and growing, adulthood, independence, moving to secondary school | Careers; aspirations; role models; the future | | | | |
| PSHE Programme of Study objectives | Pupils should continue to recognise and respect similarities and differences between people and what they have in common with others. Pupils are taught that there are a range of factors that contribute to a person's identity | Pupils should continue to develop awareness about the different types of relationships people have in their lives. They should understand how friends and family communicate together; how the internet and social media can be used positively. | Pupils should continue to develop an awareness about how the media, including online experiences, can affect people's wellbeing – their thoughts, feelings and actions. They should understand that mixed messages in the media exist | Pupils should continue to develop awareness of how mental and physical health are linked. They should understand how to make choices that support a healthy, balanced lifestyle including: how to plan a healthy meal how to stay | Pupils should develop awareness that people have different kinds of relationships in their lives, including romantic or intimate relationships. Pupils are taught that people who are attracted to and love each other can be of any gender, ethnicity or faith; the way | Pupils should continue to develop an awareness that there are a broad range of different jobs and people often have more than one during their careers and over their lifetime. They should understand that some jobs are paid more than others | | | | |

- (e.g. ethnicity, family, faith, culture, gender, hobbies, likes/dislikes).
- They should develop awareness about how individuality and personal qualities make up someone's identity (including that gender identity is part of personal identity and for some people does not correspond with their biological sex).
- They should understand about stereotypes and how they are not always accurate, and can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others.
- They should know how to challenge stereotypes and assumptions about others.

- They should recognise how knowing someone online differs from knowing someone face-to-face.
- Pupils will be taught how to recognise risk in relation to friendships and keeping safe.
- Pupils should understand how to respond if a friendship is making them feel worried, unsafe or uncomfortable.
- Pupils should understand how to ask for help or advice and respond to pressure, inappropriate contact or concerns about personal safety.

- (including about health, the news and different groups of people) and that these can influence opinions and decisions.
- They should know how to respond to and if necessary, report information viewed online which is upsetting, frightening or untrue.
- Pupils are taught to recognise the risks involved in gambling related activities, what might influence somebody to gamble and the impact it might have.
- They should discuss and debate what influences people's decisions, taking into consideration different viewpoints.

- physically active

 » how to maintain
 good dental health,
 including oral
 hygiene, food and
 drink choices
- » how to benefit from and stay safe in the sun
- » how and why to balance time spent online with other activities
- » how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; the effects of poor sleep; strategies that support good quality sleep
- » how to manage the influence of friends and family on health choices.
- That habits can be healthy or unhealthy; strategies to help change or break an unhealthy habit or take up a new healthy one.
- They should know how legal and illegal drugs (legal and illegal) can affect health and how to manage situations involving them.
- Pupils are taught that health problems, including mental health

- couples care for one another.
- They should understand that adults can choose to be part of a committed relationship or not, including marriage or civil partnership.
- They should know that marriage should be wanted equally by both people and that forcing someone to marry against their will is a crime.

- and some may be voluntary (unpaid)
- They should know about the skills, attributes, qualifications and training needed for different jobs.
- Pupils are taught that there are different ways into jobs and careers, including college, apprenticeships and university.
- They should understand how people choose a career/job and what influences their decision, including skills, interests and pay.
- They should be aware how to question and challenge stereotypes about the types of jobs people can do.
- They should know how they might choose a career/job for themselves when they are older, why they would choose it and what might influence their decisions.

| Relationships Education | • Respectful relationships 1, 2, 6 and 7 | Families and people who care for me 2 Caring friendships 5 Online relationships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Being safe 1, 3 and 4 | Respectful relationships 8 Online relationships 3, 4 and 5 | problems, can build up if they are not recognised, managed, or if help is not sought early on. Pupils should develop awareness that FGM is illegal and goes against human rights; that they should tell someone immediately if they are worried for themselves or someone else. Caring friendships 2 Respectful relationships 8 Being safe 1 Pamilies and people who care for me 5 Caring friendships 4 Respectful relationships 1 and 8 | |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|
| Health Education | Mental wellbeing 8 | Internet safety and harms 1 and 7 | • Internet safety and harms 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 | Mental wellbeing 1, 5, 6, 9, 10 Internet safety and harms 2 Physical health and fitness 1, 2, 3 and 4 Health and prevention 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Drugs, alcohol and tobacco 1 Changing adolescent body 1 and 2 | |